



## Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006

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SDS No. : 332387  
V001.1

LOCTITE 4204

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Replaces version from: 13.03.2015

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 4204

#### Contains:

Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Adhesive

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd  
Wood Lane End  
HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 1442 278000

Fax-no.: +44 1442 278071

ua-productsafety.uk@uk.henkel.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 (0)1442 278497

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (CLP):

Skin irritation	Category 2
H315 Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.	
Target organ: respiratory tract irritation	
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Label elements (CLP):

**Hazard pictogram:**



**Signal word:**

Warning

**Hazard statement:**

H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Supplemental information**

EUH202 Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.  
Contains Phthalic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Precautionary statement:  
Prevention**

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Precautionary statement:  
Response**

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Precautionary statement:  
Disposal**

P501 Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

**2.3. Other hazards**

None if used properly.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2. Mixtures**

**General chemical description:**

Cyanoacrylate Adhesive

**Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:**

<b>Hazardous components CAS-No.</b>	<b>EC Number REACH-Reg No.</b>	<b>content</b>	<b>Classification</b>
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	230-391-5 01-2119527766-29	> 50- < 100 %	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H335 Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	424-600-0	> 0,25- < 2,5 %	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	201-607-5 01-2119457017-41	> 0,1- < 0,9 %	Acute Tox. 4; Oral H302 STOT SE 3 H335 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	204-617-8 01-2119524016-51	> 0,01- < 0,1 %	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Carc. 2 H351 Muta. 2 H341 Acute Tox. 4; Oral H302 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Skin Sens. 1 H317 M factor: 10

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".  
Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

**Skin contact:**

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

**Eye contact:**

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

**Ingestion:**

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

SKIN: Redness, inflammation.

RESPIRATORY: Irritation, coughing, shortness of breath, chest tightness.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

See section: Description of first aid measures

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**5.1. Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide.

Fine water spray

**Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:**

None known

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) can be released.

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**Additional information:**

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

See advice in section 8

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes

Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

**Hygiene measures:**

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Store in a cool, dry place.

For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F)

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Adhesive

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters****Occupational Exposure Limits**Valid for  
Great Britain

<b>Ingredient [Regulated substance]</b>	<b>ppm</b>	<b>mg/m<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>Value type</b>	<b>Short term exposure limit category / Remarks</b>	<b>Regulatory list</b>
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0 [ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE]	0,3	1,5	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9 [PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE]		12	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):		EH40 WEL
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9 [PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE]		4	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE]		0,5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL

**Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):**

<b>Name on list</b>	<b>Environmental Compartment</b>	<b>Exposure period</b>	<b>Value</b>				<b>Remarks</b>
			<b>mg/l</b>	<b>ppm</b>	<b>mg/kg</b>	<b>others</b>	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	soil				0,173 mg/kg		
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	STP					10 mg/L	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	sediment (freshwater)				3,8 mg/kg		
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	sediment (marine water)				0,38 mg/kg		
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	aqua (marine water)					0,1 mg/L	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	aqua (intermittent releases)					5,6 mg/L	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	aqua (freshwater)					1 mg/L	

**Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		9,25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		9,25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	general population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		9,25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	general population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		9,25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		32,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Workers	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		10 mg/kg bw/day	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	general population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		8,6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	general population	Dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		5 mg/kg bw/day	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	general population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		5 mg/kg bw/day	

**Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

**8.2. Exposure controls:****Respiratory protection:**

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A

**Hand protection:**

The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile is recommended.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

**Eye protection:**

Wear protective glasses.

**Skin protection:**

Wear suitable protective clothing.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance

Liquid

Colorless to light  
yellow

Odor

Sharp, irritating

Odour threshold

No data available / Not applicable

pH	No data available / Not applicable
Initial boiling point	> 149 °C (> 300.2 °F)
Flash point	80 - 93 °C (176 - 199.4 °F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Vapour pressure	< 0,3 mbar
Density	1,1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
()	
Bulk density	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity	No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties	No data available / Not applicable
Solubility (qualitative)	Polymerises in presence of water.
(Solvent: Water)	
Solidification temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Melting point	No data available / Not applicable
Flammability	No data available / Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available / Not applicable
Explosive limits	No data available / Not applicable
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available / Not applicable
Evaporation rate	No data available / Not applicable
Vapor density	No data available / Not applicable
Oxidising properties	No data available / Not applicable

## 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None if used properly.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

carbon oxides.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### General toxicological information:

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

#### STOT-single exposure:

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Oral toxicity:

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

**Inhalative toxicity:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals

In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

**Skin irritation:**

Causes skin irritation.

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg

Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

**Eye irritation:**

Causes serious eye irritation.

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

**Acute oral toxicity:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	oral		rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	LD50	1.530 mg/kg	oral		rat	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LD50	367 mg/kg	oral		rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

**Acute dermal toxicity:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	dermal		rabbit	

**Skin corrosion/irritation:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	slightly irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

**Serious eye damage/irritation:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	irritating	72 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	highly irritating		rabbit	

**Respiratory or skin sensitization:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	not sensitising		guinea pig	
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	sensitising	in vivo	guinea pig	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA)	mouse	Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	

**Germ cell mutagenicity:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)			OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	negative	bacterial gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		EU Method B.13/14 (Mutagenicity)

**Repeated dose toxicity**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LOAEL= $\leq$ 500 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days 5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL= $\geq$ 250 mg/kg	oral: gavage	14 days 5 days/week. 12 doses	rat	OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****General ecological information:**

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

The mixture is classified based on the available hazard information for the ingredients as defined in the classification criteria for mixtures for each hazard class or differentiation in Annex I to Regulation 1272/2008/EC. Relevant available health/ecological information for the substances listed under Section 3 is provided in the following.

**12.1. Toxicity****Ecotoxicity:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Acute Toxicity Study	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	LC50	0,5 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) DIN 38412-15
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	LC50	313 mg/l	Fish	48 h	Leuciscus idus	
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	EC50	68 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum sp.	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LC50	0,638 mg/l	Fish	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,134 mg/l	Daphnia	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,335 mg/l	Algae	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOEC	0,0057 mg/l	chronic Daphnia	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

**12.2. Persistence and degradability****Persistence and Biodegradability:**

The product is not biodegradable.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0		aerobic	57 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		aerobic	90 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	75 - 81 %	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability Closed Bottle Test)

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential / 12.4. Mobility in soil****Mobility:**

Cured adhesives are immobile.

**Bioaccumulative potential:**

No data available for the product.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	0,776				22 °C	EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)
Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1,6					
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	0,59					EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	PBT/vPvB
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Phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Not fulfilling PBT (persistent/bioaccumulative/toxic) criteria

**12.6. Other adverse effects**

No data available.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Product disposal:

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Waste code

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

**SECTION 14: Transport information****14.1. UN number**

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	3334

**14.2. UN proper shipping name**

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Cyanoacrylate ester)

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	9

**14.4. Packaging group**

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	III

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport and may be shipped unrestricted.

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

not applicable

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

VOC content < 3 %  
(1999/13/EC)

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Further information:

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

**Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.**

## Annex - Exposure Scenarios:

Exposure Scenarios for ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate can be downloaded under the following link:

[http://mymsds.henkel.com/mymsds/.470833..en.ANNEX\\_DE.15743123.0.DE.pdf](http://mymsds.henkel.com/mymsds/.470833..en.ANNEX_DE.15743123.0.DE.pdf)

Alternatively they can be accessed on the internet site [www.mymsds.henkel.com](http://www.mymsds.henkel.com) by entering number 470833.

**LOCTITE® 4204™**

March 2010

**PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

LOCTITE® 4204™ provides the following product characteristics:

<b>Technology</b>	Cyanoacrylate
<b>Chemical Type</b>	Ethyl cyanoacrylate
<b>Appearance (uncured)</b>	Colorless to slightly pale yellow homogeneous liquid <sup>LMS</sup>
<b>Components</b>	One part - requires no mixing
<b>Viscosity</b>	High
<b>Cure</b>	Humidity
<b>Application</b>	Bonding
<b>Key Substrates</b>	Rubbers, Plastics and Metals

LOCTITE® 4204™ is a general purpose adhesive suitable for applications where heat resistance is required. LOCTITE® 4204™ is toughened with elastomers for flexibility, impact resistance and improved resistance to heat and humidity.

**TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL**

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C	1.1
Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):	
Spindle 5, speed 20 rpm,	2,000 to 6,000 <sup>LMS</sup>
Viscosity, Cone & Plate, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):	
Physica MC100, Cone MK 22, shear rate 100 s <sup>-1</sup>	180 to 600 <sup>LMS</sup>

Flash Point - See SDS

**TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE**

Under normal conditions, the atmospheric moisture initiates the curing process. Although full functional strength is developed in a relatively short time, curing continues for at least 24 hours before full chemical/solvent resistance is developed.

**Cure Speed vs. Substrate**

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at 22 °C / 50 % relative humidity. This is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

Fixture Time, seconds:		
Steel (degreased)	120 to 150	
Aluminum	5 to 10	
ABS	30 to 45	
SBR (smooth)	90 to 105	
NBR	10 to 20	
EPDM	150 to 180	
Phenolic	20 to 30	
Zinc dichromate	25 to 35	
Neoprene	30 to 45	
PVC	150 to 180	
Polycarbonate	45 to 60	
G-10 Epoxy	5 to 10	
Wood (pine)	105 to 210	
Rubber,	nitrile 10 to	20

**Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap**

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. Thin bond lines result in high cure speeds, increasing the bond gap will decrease the rate of cure.

**Cure Speed vs. Activator**

Where cure speed is unacceptably long due to large gaps, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. However, this can reduce ultimate strength of the bond and therefore testing is recommended to confirm effect.

**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL****Adhesive Properties**

Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel (grit blasted)	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	17.2 to 19.3
	(psi)	(2,490 to 2,800)
Aluminum	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	14.3 to 15.9
	(psi)	(2,070 to 2,300)
SBR	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	0.9 to 1.0
	(psi)	(130 to 145)
Nitrile	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	0.8
	(psi)	(115)
Neoprene	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	0.7
	(psi)	(110)

Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445:

ABS	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	18 to 20
	(psi)	(2,610 to 2,900)
Phenolic	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	16.8 to 17.4
	(psi)	(2,440 to 2,520)
G-10 Epoxy	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	16 to 21
	(psi)	(2,320 to 3,045)
Polycarbonate	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	3.1 to 3.4
	(psi)	(450 to 490)
PVC	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	4.8 to 7.7
	(psi)	(700 to 1,120)

Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C, followed by 24 hours @ 121 °C, tested @ 121 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel (grit blasted)	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥5.6 <sup>LMS</sup>
	(psi)	(≥810)

Cured for 24 hours @ 22 °C, followed by 24 hours @ 121 °C, tested @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel (grit blasted)	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	≥18.6 <sup>LMS</sup>
	(psi)	(≥2,700)

Cured for 48 hours @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel (grit blasted)

N/mm<sup>2</sup> ≥12.4<sup>LMS</sup>  
(psi) (≥1,800)

180° Peel Strength, ISO 8510-2:

Steel (grit blasted)

N/mm 2.3  
(lb/in) (13)

## TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

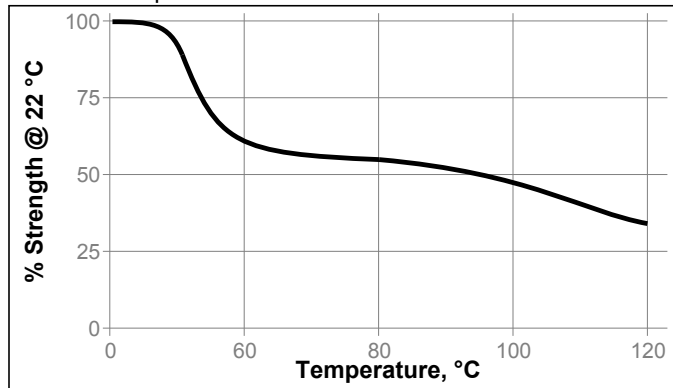
Cured for 1 week @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Mild steel (grit blasted):

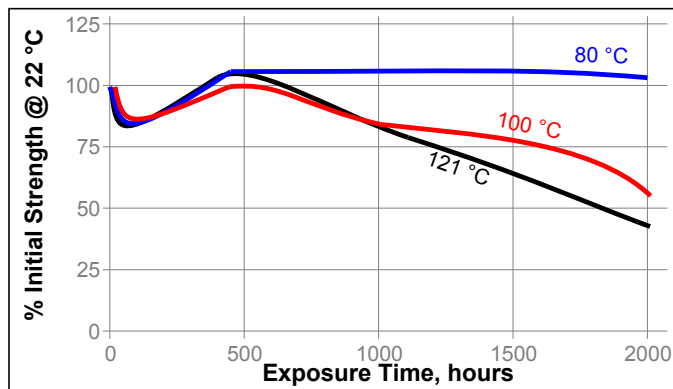
## Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



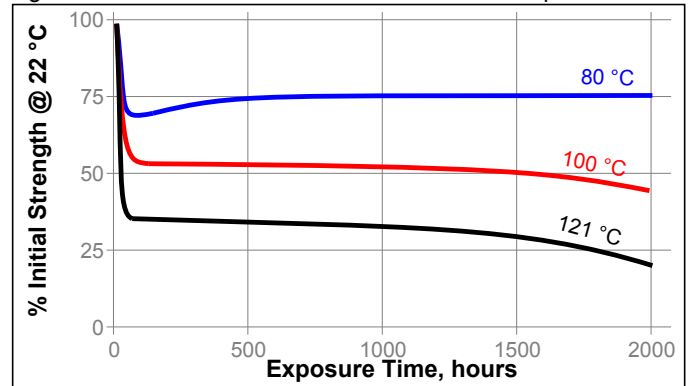
## Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



## Heat Aging/Hot Strength

Aged under conditions indicated and tested at temperature



## Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C

Environment	°C	% of initial strength		
		100 h	500 h	100 h
Motor oil	40	105	115	110
Gasoline	22	105	100	90
Ethanol	22	100	110	105
Isopropanol	22	100	110	110
Heat/humidity 95% RH	40	105	110	105

## GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials.

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

### Directions for use:

1. For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
2. This product performs best in thin bond gaps (0.05 mm).
3. Excess adhesive can be dissolved with Loctite cleanup solvents, nitromethane or acetone.

### Loctite Material Specification<sup>LMS</sup>

LMS dated May 19, 2009. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

### Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

**Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties.** Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

### Conversions

$$(^{\circ}\text{C} \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$\text{kV/mm} \times 25.4 = \text{V/mil}$$

mm / 25.4 = inches  
 $\mu\text{m} / 25.4 = \text{mil}$   
 $\text{N} \times 0.225 = \text{lb}$   
 $\text{N/mm} \times 5.71 = \text{lb/in}$   
 $\text{N/mm}^2 \times 145 = \text{psi}$   
 $\text{MPa} \times 145 = \text{psi}$   
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 8.851 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{in}$   
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 0.738 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{ft}$   
 $\text{N}\cdot\text{mm} \times 0.142 = \text{oz}\cdot\text{in}$   
 $\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s} = \text{cP}$

**Note:**

The information provided in this Technical Data Sheet (TDS) including the recommendations for use and application of the product are based on our knowledge and experience of the product as at the date of this TDS. The product can have a variety of different applications as well as differing application and working conditions in your environment that are beyond our control. Henkel is, therefore, not liable for the suitability of our product for the production processes and conditions in respect of which you use them, as well as the intended applications and results. We strongly recommend that you carry out your own prior trials to confirm such suitability of our product.

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## Reference 1.2